## Amendments to the Claims

Claim 1 (Currently a	mended):	Hybrid maize seed designated X11	79J, representative seed		
of said hybrid X1179	9) having been d	leposited under ATCC accession Ac	ited under ATCC accession Accession number		
Claim 2 (Currently a	mended);	A maize plant, or its parts, produce	ed by growing the seed of		
claim 1.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Claim 3 (Original):	Pollen of the n	plant of claim 2.			
()					
Claim 4 (Original):	An ovule of th	e plant of claim 2.			
(41.g).		o plant of claim 2.			
Claims 5-8 (Canceled	4)				
Claim 20 (Canceled)	•				
Claims 42-63 (Cance					
Cimins 12 03 (Cance	<i>104)</i>		 		
Claim 64 (New):	A tiesua cultur	e of regenerable cells produced fron	the mlass of alaise 2		
Claim of (110w).	r ussuc currat	e of regenerable cens produced from	in the prant of claim 2,		
Claim 65 (New):	Protoplaste pro	oduced from the tissue culture of cla	- 64		
Olam 05 (110W).	r rotopiasts pro	Madea from the assae culture of CIA	1111 04.		
Claim 66 (New):	The tissue cult	ura produced from the plant of alsi-	0		
•		ure produced from the plant of claim	4		
tissue culture are from a tissue selected from the group consisting of leaf, pollen, embryo, root, root tip, anther, silk, flower, kernel, ear, cob, husk and stalk.					
root lip, anther, silk, i	llower, Kernel, e	ar, cob, husk and stalk.			
		regenerated from the tissue culture of	•		
having all the morphological and physiological characteristics of hybrid maize plant X1179J,					
representative seed of said plant having been deposited under ATCC Accession No					
Claim 68 (New):		producing an F1 hybrid maize seed, o			
plant of claim 2 with a different maize plant and harvesting the resultant F1 hybrid maize seed.					

	Claim 69 (New):	A method of producing a male sterile hybrid maize plant comprising						
	transforming at least	least one of inbred maize parent plants GE534640 and GE567914, representative						
	samples of which have	ve been deposited as	and	_ respecti	vely, with a nucleic acid			
	molecule that confers	molecule that confers male sterility and crossing said inbred maize parent plants to produce said						
	male sterile hybrid m	aize plant.						
	Claim 70 (New):	A male sterile maize hybra	rid plant produc	ed by the	method of claim 69,			
	Claim 71 (New):	A method of producing a	n herbicide resis	stant hybn	id maize plant			
		ning at least one of inbred n						
	representative sample	es of which have been depo	sited as	_ and	respectively, with			
a transgene that confers herbicide resistance to generate an herbicide resistant inbred maize								
parent plant and crossing said inbred maize parent plants to produce said herbicide resistant								
	hybrid maize plant.							
	Claim 72 (New):	An herbicide resistant hyb	orid maize plant	produced	by the method of clain			
	71.							
		_						
	Claim 73 (New);	The herbicide resistant hy			•			
transgene confers resistance to an herbicide selected from the group consisting of:								
imidazolinone, sulfonylurea, glyphosate, glufosinate, L-phosphinothricin, triazine and								
	benzonitrile.				<u> </u>			
	Claim 74 Olava	A salida e a s						
	Claim 74 (New):	A method of producing an						
		one of inbred maize parent						
		e been deposited as						
that confers insect resistance to generate an insect resistant inbred maize parent plant and								
	crossing said inbred m	naize parent plants to produ	ice said insect re	esistant hy	brid maize plant.			
(	Claim 75 (New):	An insect resistant maize p	plant produced b	y the met	thod of claim 74.			

Claim 76 (New):	he insect resistant maize plant of c	laim 75, wherein the transgene				
	ncoding a Bacillus thuringiensis er					
	Ç					
Claim 77 (New):	method of producing a disease res	sistant hybrid maize plant comprising				
		534640 and GE567914, representativ				
		respectively, with a transgene				
	tance to generate a disease resistar					
	ze parent plants to produce said dis					
		nyona mazo piant.				
Claim 78 (New): A	disease resistant hybrid maize plan	nt produced by the method of claim				
77.	, <u>,</u>	in produced by the method of claim				
		į				
Claim 79 (New): A	method of producing a hybrid mai	ze plant with decreased phytate				
content comprising transforming at least one of inbred maize parent plants GE534640 and						
	e samples of which have been depe					
respectively, with a transgene encoding phytase to generate an inbred maize parent plant with						
decreased phytate content and crossing said inbred maize parent plants to:produce said hybrid						
maize plant that confers decreased phytate content.						
		I				
Claim 80 (New): A	hybrid maize plant with decreased	Dhytate content produced by the				
method of claim 79.	panis with dooronged	physics content produced by the				
Claim 81 (New): A	nethod of producing a hybrid maiz	ve plant with modified form soid				
		ng transforming at least one of inbred				
	4640 and GE567914, representative					
	respectively, with a trans					
		syltransferase, levansucrase, alpha-				
amylase, invertase and starch branching enzyme to generate an inbred maize parent plant with modified fatty acid metabolism or modified carbohydrate metabolism and crossing said inbred						
mounted ratty acid metab	oiism or modified carbohydrate me	etabolism and crossing said inbred				

maize parent plants to produce said hybrid maize plant that confers modified fatty acid metabolism or modified carbohydrate metabolism.

Claim 82 (New): A hybrid maize plant produced by the method of claim 81.

Claim 83 (New): The hybrid maize plant of claim 82 wherein the transgene confers a trait selected from the group consisting of waxy starch and increased amylose starch.

Claim 84 (New): A maize plant, or part thereof, having all the physiological and morphological characteristics of the hybrid maize plant X1179J, representative seed of said plant having been deposited under ATCC Accession No. \_\_\_\_\_.

Claim 85 (New): A method of introducing a desired trait into a hybrid maize line X1179J comprising:

- (a) crossing at least one of inbred maize parent plants GE534640 and GE567914, representative samples of which have been deposited as \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ respectively, with another maize line that comprises a desired trait, to produce F1 progeny plants, wherein the desired trait is selected from the group consisting of male sterility, herbicide resistance, insect resistance, disease resistance and waxy starch;
- (b) selecting said F1 progeny plants that have the desired trait to produce selected F1 progeny plants;
- (c) backcrossing the selected progeny plants with said inbred maize parent plant to produce backcross progeny plants;
- (d) selecting for backcross progeny plants that have the desired trait and morphological and physiological characteristics of said inbred maize parent plant;
- (e) repeating the steps of backcrossing to said inbred maize parent plant three or more times in succession to produce selected fourth or higher backcross progeny plants;
- (f) crossing said backcross progeny plant with the other inbred maize parent plant to generate a hybrid maize line X1179J with the desired trait and all of the morphological and

physiological characteristics of hybrid maize line X1179J listed in Table 1 as determined at a 5% significance level when grown in the same environmental conditions.

Claim 86 (New): A plant produced by the method of claim 85, wherein the plant has the desired trait and all of the physiological and morphological characteristics of hybrid maize line X1179J listed in Table 1 as determined at a 5% significance level when grown in the same environmental conditions.

Claim 87 (New): The plant of claim 86 wherein the desired trait is herbicide resistance and the resistance is conferred to an herbicide selected from the group consisting of: imidazolinone, sulfonylurea, glyphosate, glufosinate, L-phosphinothricin, triazine and benzonitrile.

Claim 88 (New): The plant of claim 86 wherein the desired trait is insect resistance and the insect resistance is conferred by a transgene encoding a *Bacillus thuringiènsis* endotoxin.

Claim 89 (New): The plant of claim 86 wherein the desired trait is male sterility and the trait is conferred by a cytoplasmic nucleic acid molecule that confers male sterility.

Claim 90 (New): A method of introducing modified fatty acid metabolism, modified phytic acid metabolism or modified carbohydrate metabolism into a hybrid maize line X1179J comprising:

- (a) crossing at least one of inbred maize parent plants GE534640 and GE567914, representative samples of which have been deposited as \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ respectively, with another maize line that comprises a desired trait, to produce F1 progeny plants, wherein the desired trait is selected from the group consisting of phytase, stearyl-ACP desaturase, fructosyltransferase, levansucrase, alpha-amylase, invertase and starch branching enzyme;
- (b) selecting said F1 progeny plants that have the desired trait to produce selected F1 progeny plants;
- (c) backcrossing the selected progeny plants with said inbred maize parent plant to produce backcross progeny plants;

- (d) selecting for backcross progeny plants that have the desired trait and morphological and physiological characteristics of said inbred maize parent plant;
- (e) repeating the steps of backcrossing to said inbred maize parent plant three or more times in succession to produce selected fourth or higher backcross progeny plants;
- (f) crossing said backcross progeny plant with the other inbred maize parent plant to generate a hybrid maize line X1179J with the desired trait and all of the morphological and physiological characteristics of hybrid maize line X1179J listed in Table 1 as determined at a 5% significance level when grown in the same environmental conditions.

Claim 91 (New): A plant produced by the method of claim 90, wherein the plant has modified fatty acid metabolism, modified phytic acid metabolism or modified carbohydrate metabolism and all of the physiological and morphological characteristics of hybrid maize line X1179J listed in Table 1 as determined at a 5% significance level when grown in the same environmental conditions.